



Annual Report 2007

Presentation to Portfolio Committee on Public Enterprises

14 November 2007





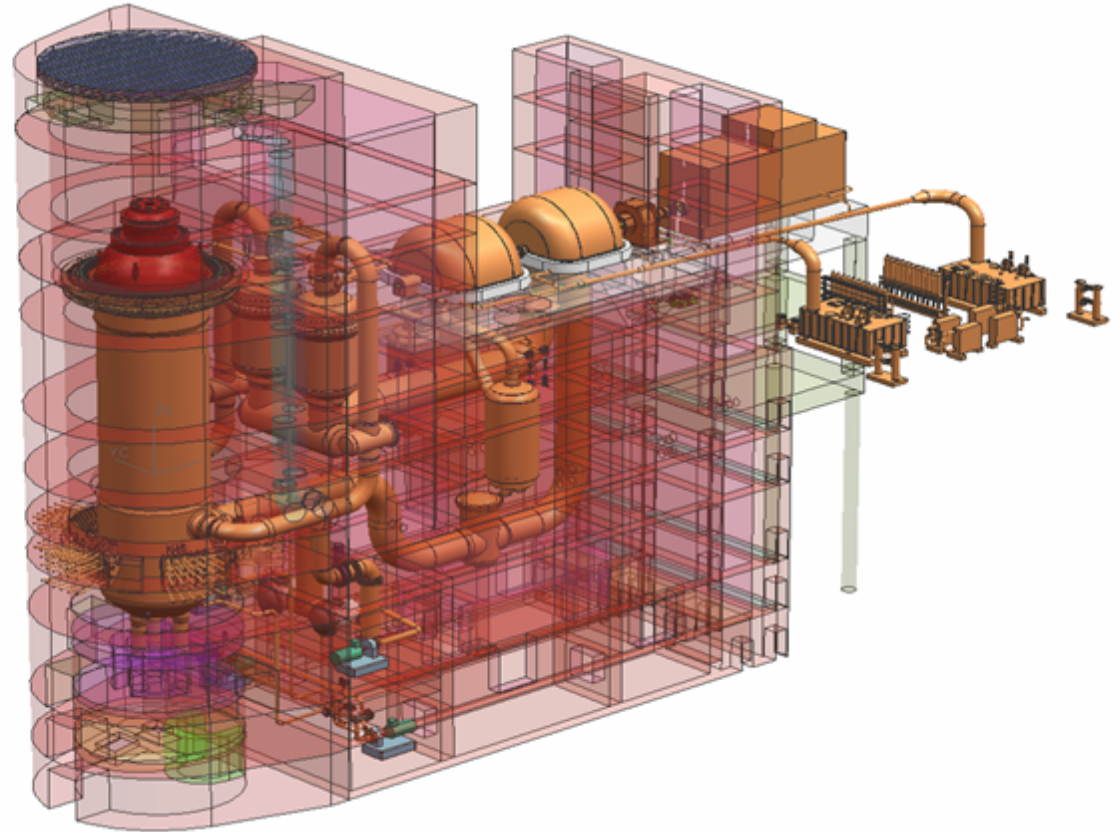
Vision, Mission & Key Objectives





- **Vision**

To be the preferred global provider of standardised, safe nuclear energy systems, fuel and life-cycle support.



TOP WORK

Mission and key objectives

- **Mission**
 - To successfully commercialize pebble bed technology for the world's energy market
- **Objectives**
 - To build a Demonstration Power Plant near Cape Town
 - To build the first PBMR Fuel Plant at Pelindaba

The project is on schedule to be the first commercial High Temperature Reactor in the power generation field





National Strategic Project

- Industrial development & localization
- Skills development & job creation
- Export potential of high value capital goods - Balance of Payments



Extracting value from SA's historically developed nuclear capability and technology.
New Skills and opportunities.

Electricity demand
Eskom new nuclear
Build (20 000 MW)

SA Power
Project
Leverage spend

PBMR Uniqueness

Current world demand is 4,000GW (~100 x Eskom)
World average growth of 3% per annum since 1980 equates to 600 PBMRs per year
MIT forecasts global demand to triple by 2050
Current world spending is about \$100bn per year on new power stations
Political support is growing for the nuclear globally



PBMR benefits

Locally controlled technology limits foreign exchange exposure.
Potential exploitation of own uranium.
Contribution to clean and safe energy.

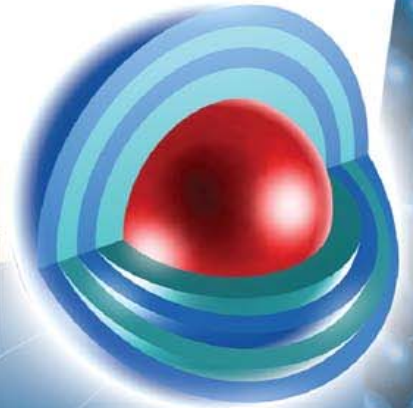




P B M R



Suppliers Conference **2005**

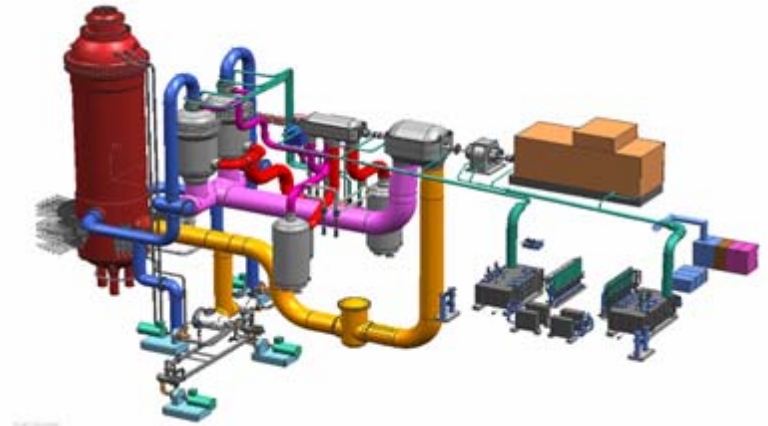




PBMR's Competitive Advantage



- Inherent Safety
- High efficiency
- Load following
- On-load refuelling
- Low proliferation risk
- Low impact on environment
- Short construction times
- Smaller capital cost increments
- Modularity
- Process heat applications
- Small emergency planning zone





Key Achievements



Key Achievements (Annual Report)



IAEA SCART Team



- International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) review of nuclear safety culture
- Heat Transfer Facility complete
- Heat Pressure Transfer Unit and Heat Transfer Test Unit complete
- 5 kg Advance Coater facility complete
- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) accepted for fuel manufacturing at Pelindaba
- Training of candidate engineers and mentorship programme
- Launched WiNPBMR – branch of WiNSA
- Localization and capacity building
- Government committed R6 billion in current MTEF
- Board accepted long term business case
- Awarded Phase 1 - NGNP in a Westinghouse-led consortium (USA)



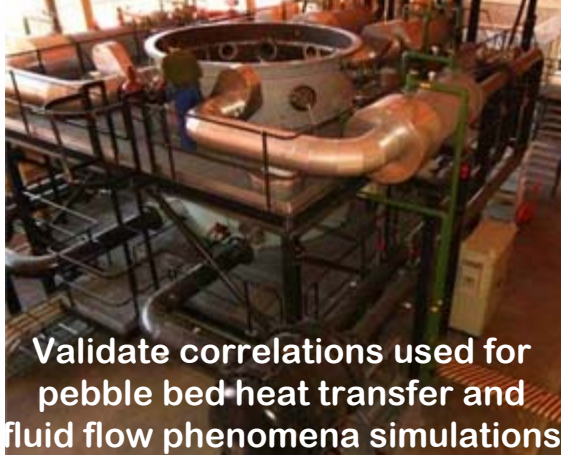
Reactor Pressure Vessel



Key achievements (update)



Heat transfer test facility



Validate correlations used for pebble bed heat transfer and fluid flow phenomena simulations

- Safety culture awareness initiatives
- World class graphite machining facility
- Orders placed for long lead items
- Delivery organization strengthened
- EPCM contractors appointed to DPP and PFP
- Integrated Risk Management System implemented



HTTF – construction of the test sections

The 43 meter Helium Test Facility at Pelindaba will test the helium blower, valves, heaters, coolers, recuperator and other components to be tested at pressures up to 95 bar & 1200 °C





Technology

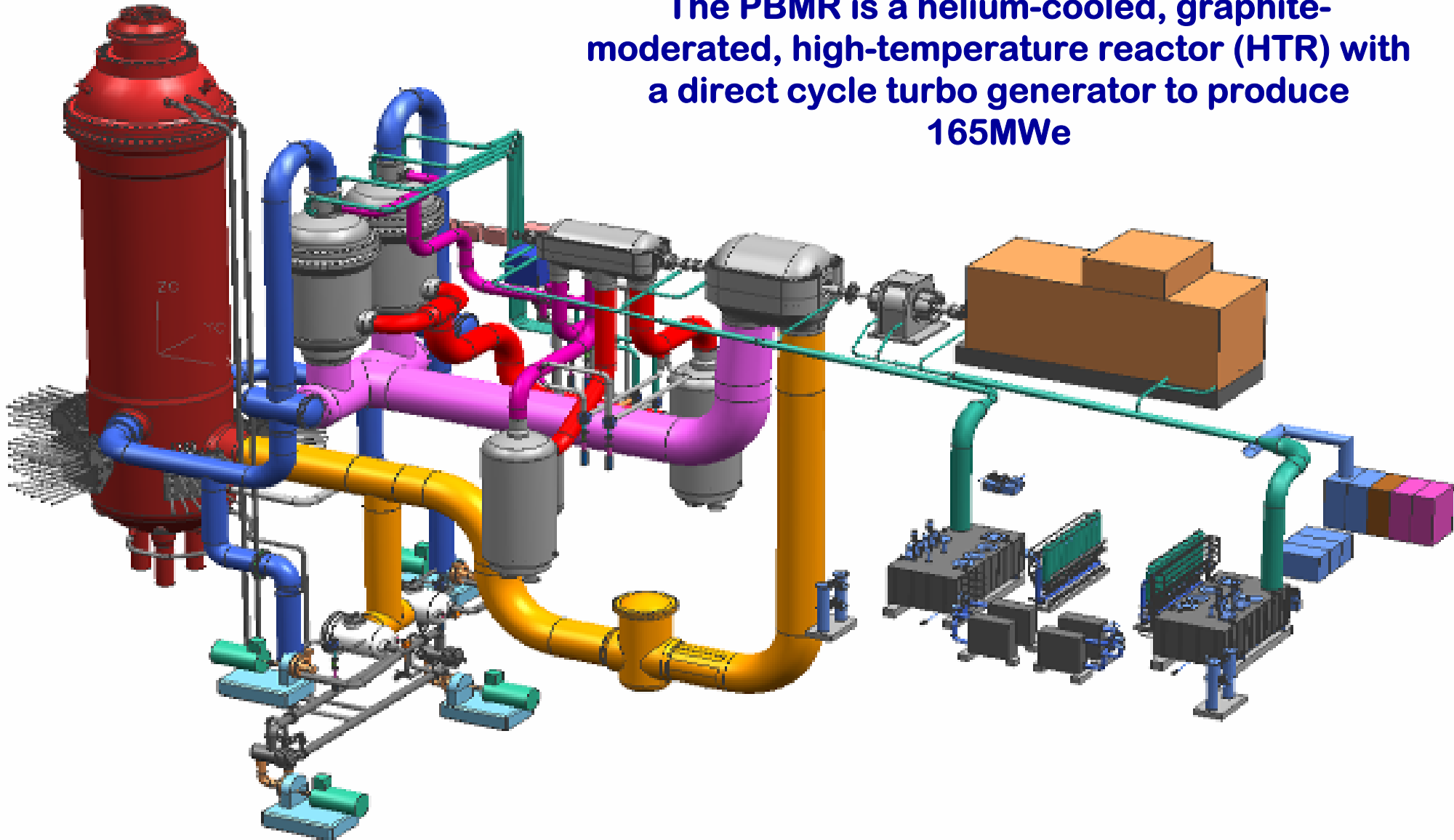




PBMR High Temperature Reactor



The PBMR is a helium-cooled, graphite-moderated, high-temperature reactor (HTR) with a direct cycle turbo generator to produce 165MWe





Core may never melt
or be overheated to
unallowable temperature

Thermal
stability

Nuclear transients may
never lead to unallowable
power output excursions
or cause unallowable
fuel element overheating

Nuclear
stability

Fuel elements may never
be allowed to corrode
excessively

Chemical
stability

Core may never be allowed to
deform or change composition

Mechanical
stability

Reactor cannot melt,
practically no release
of fission products,
catastrophe-free
nuclear energy



1 pebble
(9 g of
9.6%
enriched
Uranium)



5.76
tons of
coal



1.5 to 2.5
tons of ash

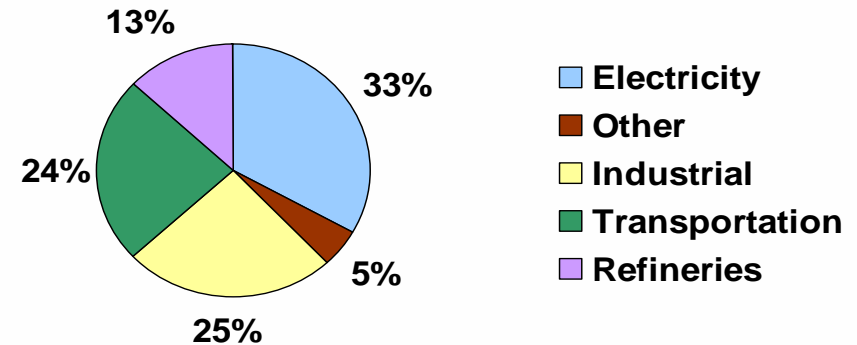


21 tons
of CO2



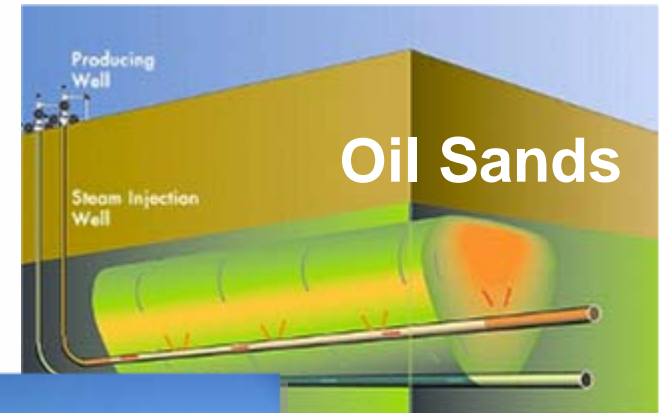
- Nuclear power plants today supply ~9.3% of global electricity
- Process heat can expand nuclear applications to other energy sectors
 - Industrial, Transport, Refineries
- Process Heat Opportunity
 - Stable process energy costs
 - Displace natural gas and other premium fuels
 - Reduce CO₂ emissions

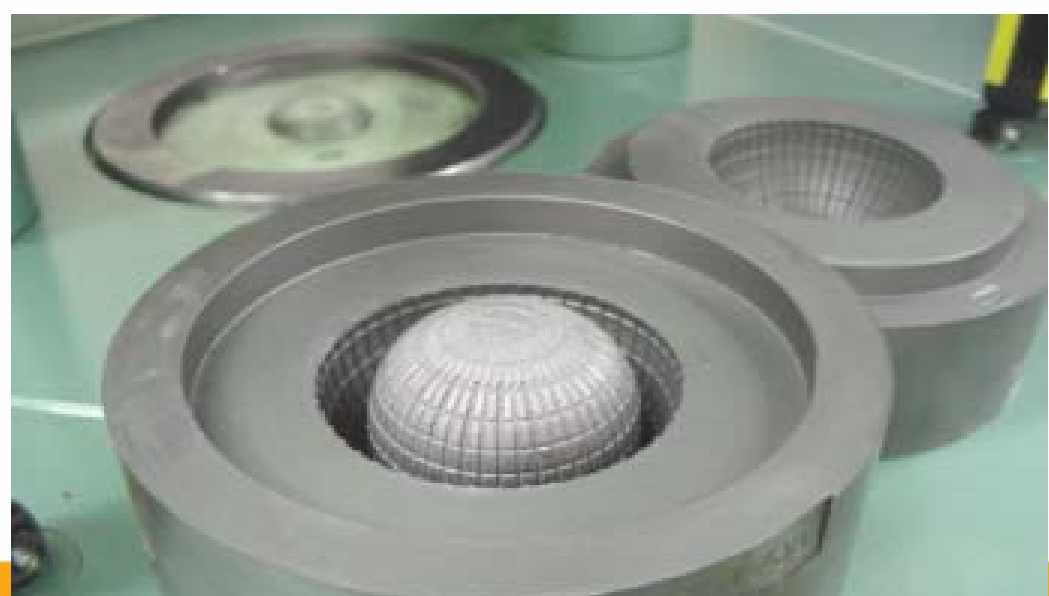
World CO₂ Emissions by Sector





- **Steam Generation**
 - Heavy Oil Recovery
 - Oil Sands
 - Cogeneration
- **Steam Methane Reforming**
 - Hydrogen
 - Ammonia
 - Methanol
- **Water-Splitting (H₂ & O₂)**
 - Bulk Hydrogen
 - Coal-to-liquids
 - Coal-to-methane
- **Desalination**







Helium Test Facility



43 m high HTF at Pelindaba - test the helium blower, valves, heaters, coolers, recuperator and other components at pressures up to 95 bar and 1200°C





High Pressure Test Unit





High Temperature Test Facility



Challenges & Responses





Challenge: Licensing of First of a Kind Technology

Response

- Enhanced processes, procedures, safety culture, risk management and governance frameworks

Challenge: Strategic manufacturing capacity (slots booked for 2011 -2015)

Responses:

- SA Power Project (DPE)
- Slot reserving strategy for RSA
- Economies of scale in SA nuclear build programme
- Centre for manufacturing excellence (Necsa)

Challenge: Skills shortage

Responses:

- Sophisticated attraction and retention tactics
- Extensive training, development and mentorship programmes
- University programmes

Challenge: Localisation and expansion of supply chain

Responses:

- Advanced contract negotiation and management
- Robust contingency management plan linked to price indices
- Localisation reduces balance of payment risk

Challenge: Shaping the nuclear environment

Responses:

- NIASA, SA Power Project (DPE), long term strategic alliances with Eskom, Necsa
- Regulatory challenges



SA Nuclear Sector Developments





- Nuclear Energy Policy and Strategy
- Nuclear Industry Association of South Africa
- SA Power Project (DPE)
- PBMR / NECSA – fuel, R&D
- Generation IV International Forum accession
- Strategic Investor interest
- Opportunities – DWAF (desalination)



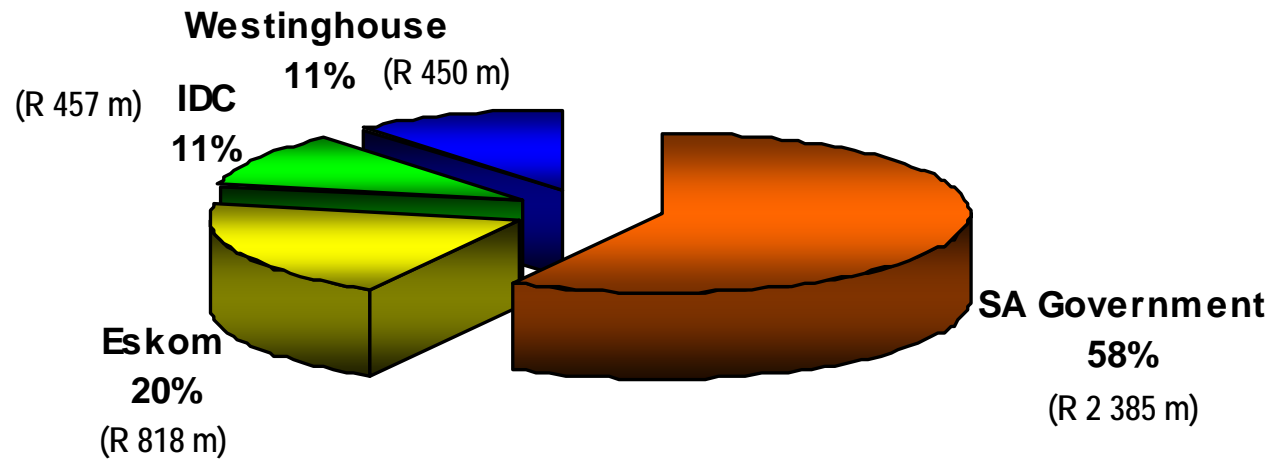
Governance & Financials



- **First Annual Report**
- **Corporate Plan**
- **Quarterly Reports to DPE**
- **Unqualified annual financial statements**
- **No significant audit finding by external auditors**
- **Full compliance - PFMA**
- **Strengthened governance structures and systems**
- **IAEA - Safety Culture Assessment Review Team**
- **Minister of Public Enterprise's Chairs, CEO, CFO, Risk Management and Governance Forums**



**Contributions of investors from 1999 to 31 March 2007
(R4 210 million, incl VAT)**

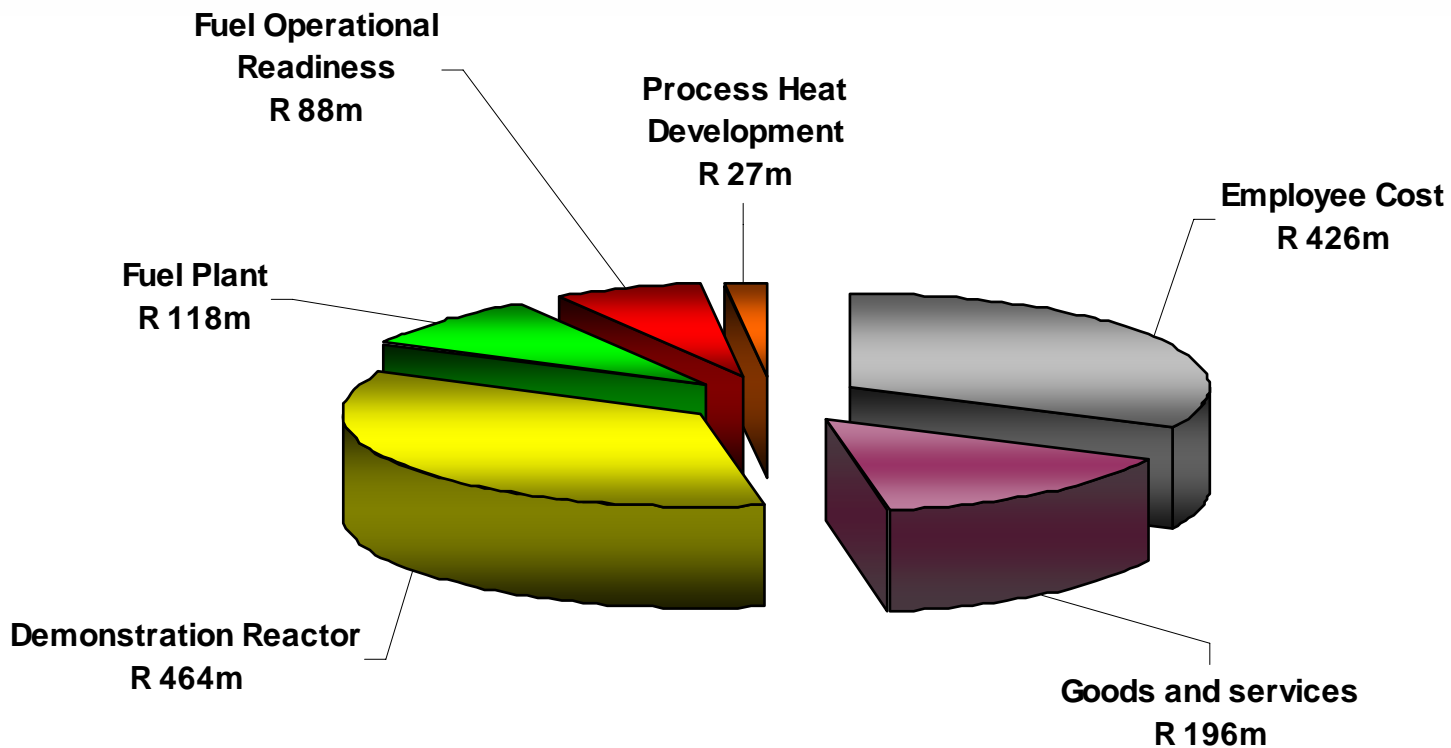


Allocation of Cost: 2007 Financial Year



Financial Period to March 2007:

R1,3 billion





Capacity Building



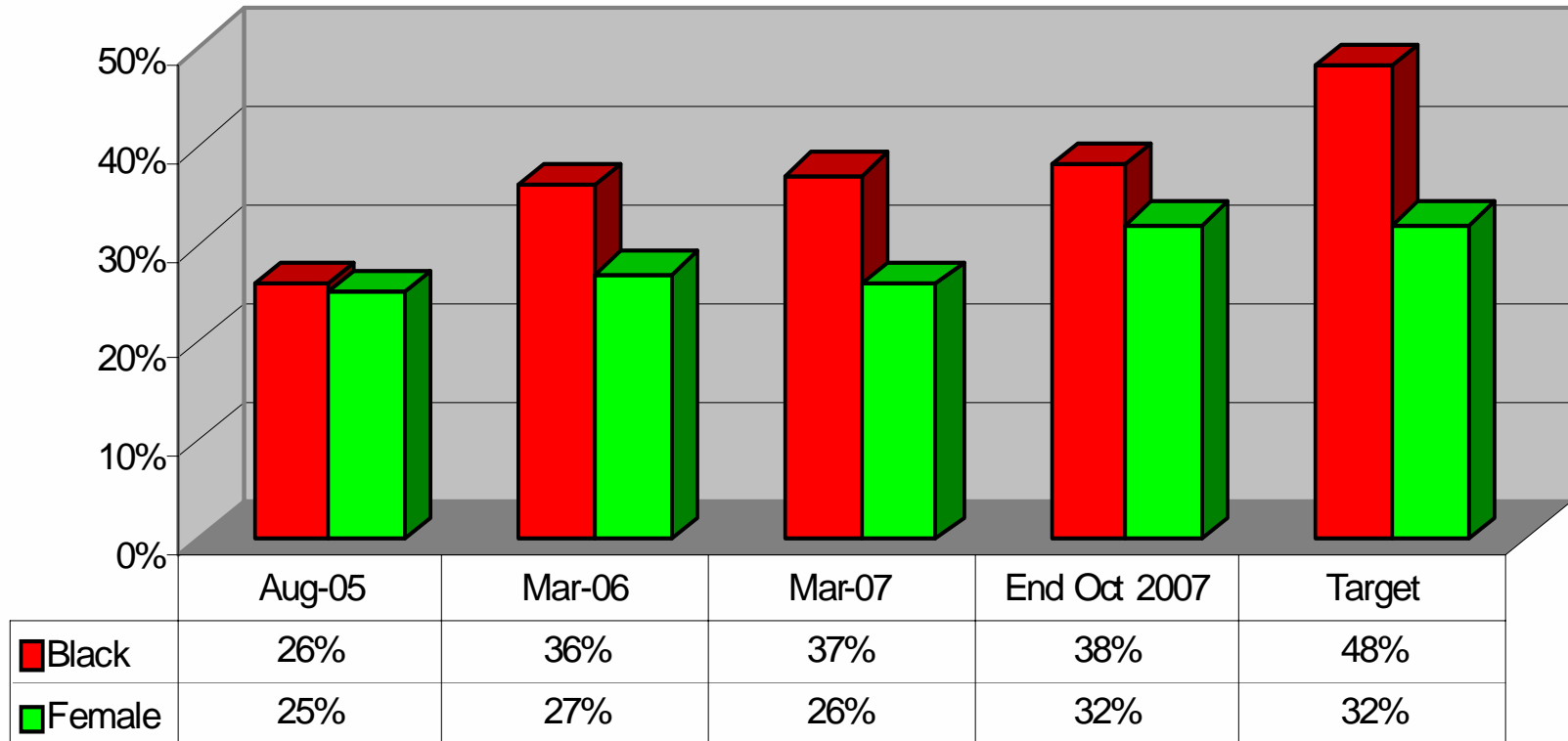


- **Number of employees**
 - Full-Term employees – 712
 - Non-permanent employees 62
- **Employment equity**
 - Black employees (African, Coloured, Indian) – 277
 - Female employees (all races) – 227 (of which 104 are black)
- **Forecasted growth**
 - After employee ramp-up, total approved headcount is 972 by 2009





Employee Equity Actuals



Black Female



Employment Equity initiatives in support of Employment Equity



- Diversity management training
- Preferential recruitment
- Preferential development (HDI)
 - ✓ Mentorship
 - ✓ Succession management and
 - ✓ Accelerated development
- Retention - HDI's
- Bursaries - HDI's
- Schools Outreach Programmes
- Women advancement – support WinPBMR
- Support for physical challenged
- EE targets contracted
- EE progress monitoring

Further studies

Employees

75

17 employees registered
part time at Universities
for technical
programmes

4 employees in UK -
work experience

Bursary scheme

33 Bursars

8 Masters students
Univ. of NW

5 PhD's – full-time
at Universities





Technology Programs





- South Africa

- ✓▪ University of Pretoria - R15m
- 🕒▪ Northwest University - R5.2m
- 🕒▪ Stellenbosch University - R11m
- 🕒▪ Nelson Mandela Metropolitan University - R8m
- 🕒▪ iThemba LABS - R1m
- ✓▪ NECSA - TBN
- 🕒▪ University of the Witwatersrand – TBN
- 🕒▪ University of Cape Town – TBN

- Europe

- 🕒▪ Dalton Institute (UK) – TBN
- ✘▪ ALD (Germany) – TBN
- 🕒✓▪ EURATOM (FP7) (EU-wide)

- North America

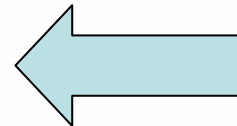
- ✘▪ Idaho State University – TBN
- ✘▪ LUNA Inc – TBN

“Traditional innovation models, which rely exclusively on in-house inventions and an own-and-protect approach to intellectual property, are obsolete...

To crank out innovative products that expand the top line, manufacturers are adopting a new market model called ‘Innovation Networks.’ ”

Navi Radjou

Forrester Research, Inc.



PBMR/ACADEMIA
NETWORK OF EXPERTISE

🕒 Close to signatures 🕒

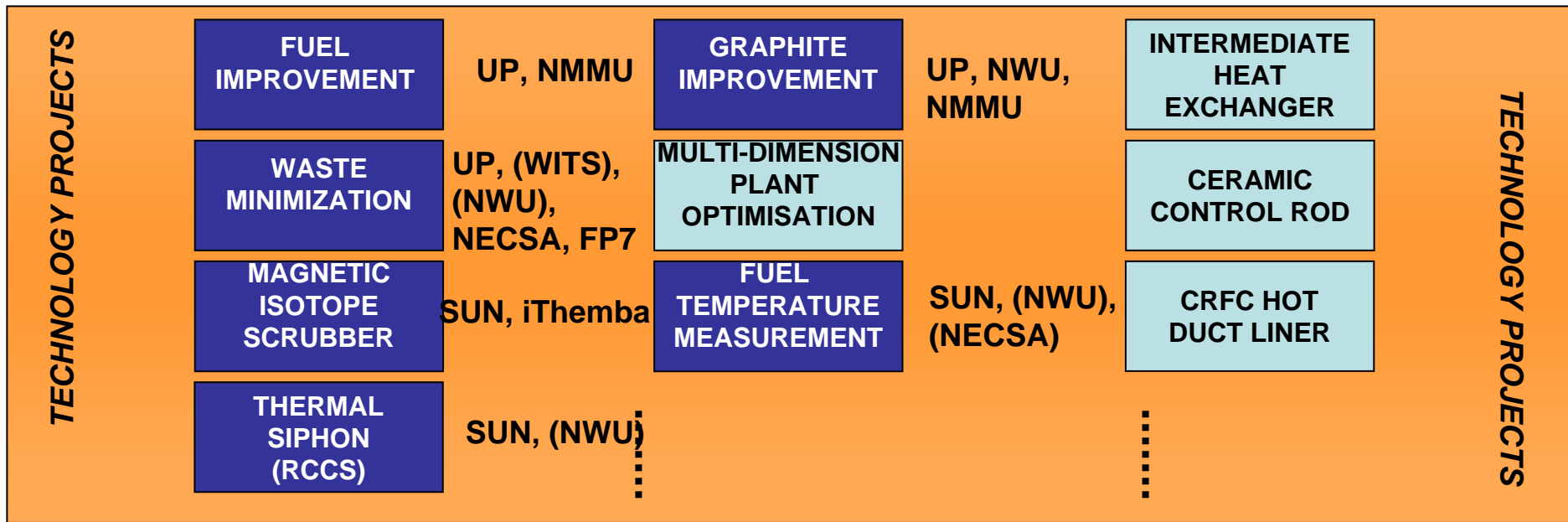
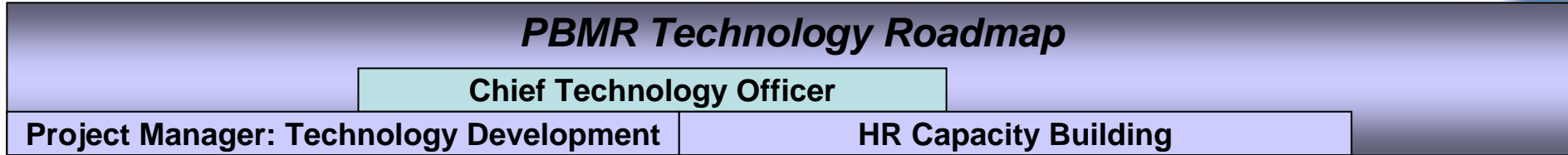
✓ Signed & in place

✘ In process

✓ Only awaiting EC award, consortium in place

TBN Negotiations on project cost & content in process

Technology Programme



MATERIAL SCIENCE	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	CHEMICAL PHYSICS	MICROBIOLOGY	MICROBIOLOGY ENGINEERING	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING	CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY	MAGNETIC MATERIALS	MODELING & SIMULATION	APPLIED MATHEMATICS	NUCLEAR PHYSICS	CONTROL ENGINEERING	MATERIAL PHYSICS	OPTICS & ELECTRONICS



Technology Programme Notes



- **Principle of Contracting**
 - **Overarching enabling agreement (framework)**
 - **Agreements - 6 year periods**
 - **Feeder pipeline between HT & Tech programs**
 - **Preference to local Universities and knowledge**
 - **Technical transfer from foreign to local Universities**



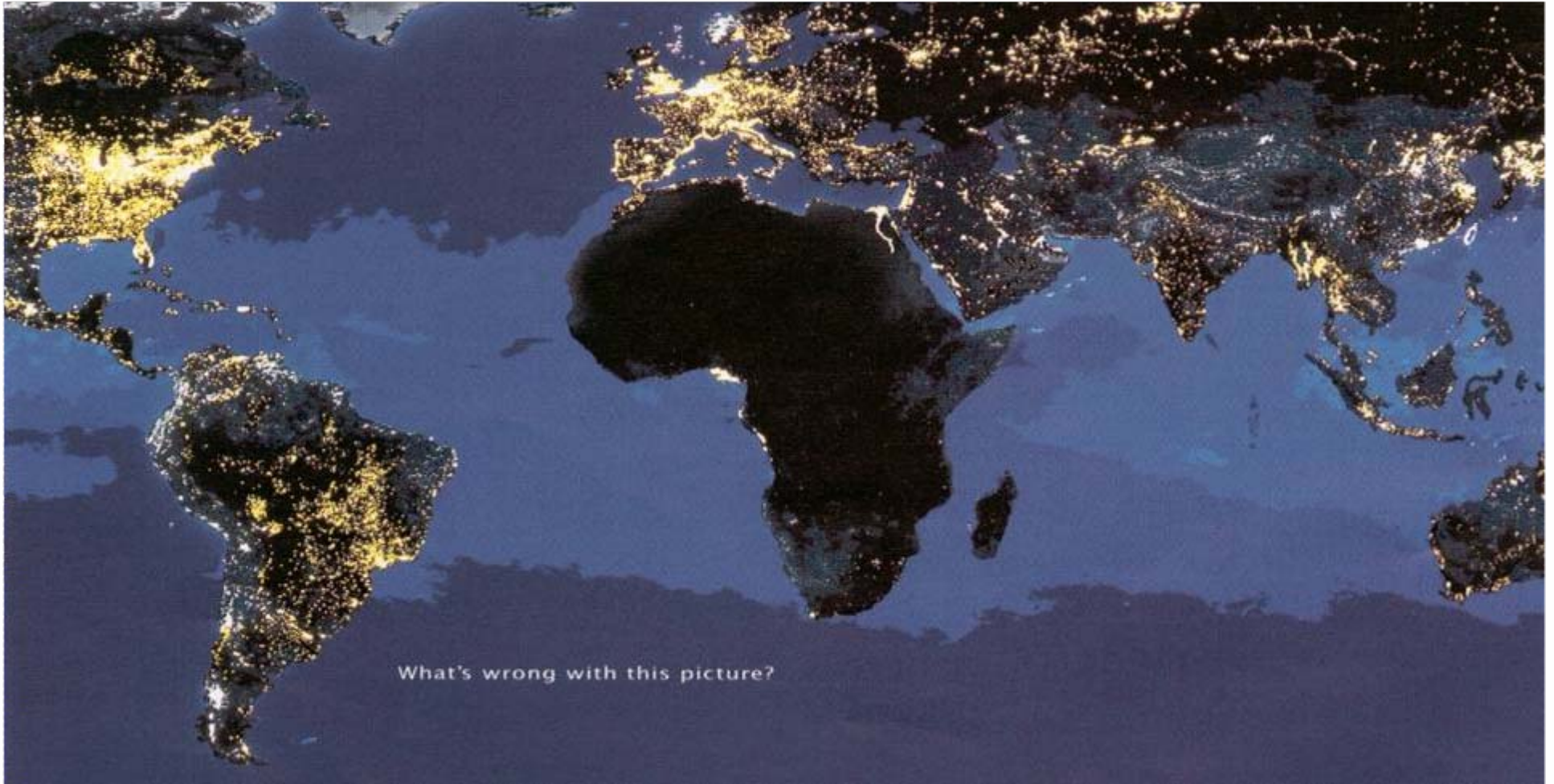
Global Nuclear Industry





- **Developments**
 - Feasibility study - Canadian Oil Sands
 - Phase 2 – NGNP (USA Department of Energy)
 - African countries, international nuclear consortia and research programmes
- **Initiatives for further progress**
 - Bi-lateral agreement - Canada
 - US bilateral - facilitate exchange of technology
 - Generation IV International Forum accession - international credibility of PBMR
 - IAEA: Coordinated Research Programmes on High Temperature Gas Reactors

Africa Needs Energy



OPPORTUNITIES

- Energy markets driven by:
 - Diversification of energy supply
 - Shortage of and increasing cost of natural gas
 - Increasing cost of petroleum
 - Incentives to reduce CO₂ and other emissions
- PBMR - CO₂ free economic option for providing large amounts of process heat in the 900 °C temperature range

PBMR DPP - Building in Koeberg



Thank you



Technology Programme Legend



- **Legend:**
 - **UP = University of Pretoria**
 - **UCT = University of Cape Town**
 - **NMMU = Nelson Mandela Metropolitan University**
 - **NWU = Northwest University**
 - **WITS = University of the Witwatersrand**
 - **SUN = Stellenbosch University**
 - **UFS = University of the Free State**
 - **Dalton Institute = part of Manchester University, UK**